

Protein metabolism in the development of malignant neoplasms. II. Urea formation in rabbits affected with Brown-Pearce cancer. F. A. Sverdrup. *Arch. int. Biol. (U. S. S. R.)* 61, No. 2, 64-77 (1947).—In a previous report (C. A. 34, 2448) it had been shown that the urea excreted by rabbits inoculated with Brown-Pearce cancer decreased. To det. whether the decrease was due to a disturbance in the urea formation mechanism, rabbits were fed with $(\text{NH}_4)_2\text{CO}_3$ and glycine, substances which are known to increase urea formation. $(\text{NH}_4)_2\text{CO}_3$ acted the same on normal rabbits as on rabbits inoculated with the Brown-Pearce strain; in both instances, the blood urea increased. In normal rabbits, glycine brought about an increase in the blood urea, but in cancerous rabbits, no increase was observed. Cf. C. A. 34, 2448. H. Prestley

H. Priesk

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/31/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001654120004-8"

Influence of a poor protein diet on the metabolism of amino- and ketoacids and the glycogen content of the liver and muscle in white rats. S. Ya. Kaplanakil, V. Sverdlova, and S. Kaplanskaya. *Biokhimiya* 10, 225-33 (1945).—An insufficient protein diet results in a severe disturbance of the nitrogenous metabolism. There is a decrease in urea formation and an increase of ketonic acids and hibulose-binding substances in the urine. If the amount of protein in the serum does not fall below 4%, restitution is possible, and is best attained by feeding liver tissue. The metabolic disturbances are irreversible and restitution is impossible if the serum protein falls below 4%.
H. Priestley

H. Pritchey

116

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414.34 METALLURGICAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION

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CIA-RDP86-00513R001654120004-8"

SVERDLOVA, F.A.

Oxidation of keto- and dicarboxylic acids during protein deficiency in the food of young animals. Vop.med.khim. 3:257-262 '51. (MIRA 11:4)

1. Otdel fiziologii TSentral'nogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo pediatricheskogo instituta Ministerstva zdravookhraneniya RSFSR, Moskva.
(ACIDS, ORGANIC) (PROTEIN METABOLISM)
(OXIDATION, PHYSIOLOGICAL)

SHTEMLER, M.Ye.; SVERDLOVA, G.M., redaktor; DVORKINA, B.A., redaktor.

[Aviation industry in foreign countries; a collection of translations and references] Aviatsionnaya promyshlennost' zarubezhnykh stran; sbornik perevodov i referatov. Sostavil M.E. Shtemler. Pod obshchey red. G.M. Sverdlova i B.A. Dvorkina. [n.p.] Izd-vo BNT No.5 [Economic aspects of transport planes] Problemy ekonomichnosti transportnykh samoletov. 1946. 57 p. [Microfilm] (MLRA 8:9)

1. Russia (1923- U.S.S.R.) Ministerstvo aviationskoy promyshlennosti. Byuro novoy tekhniki.
(Aeronautics, Commercial)

TSEYTLIN, Roza Davydovna; NEMIROVSKIY, S.A., otvetstvennyy redaktor;
SVERDLOVA, I.S., redaktor; BERESLAVSKAYA, L.Sh., tekhnicheskiy
redaktor

[Leading fitters and solderers] Perekovye montery-spaishchiki.
Moskva, Gos. izd-vo lit-ry voprosam sviazi i radio, 1956. 18 p.
(Solder and soldering) (MLRA 9:12)
(Telephone)

SEMENOV, Innokentiy Innokent'yevich; FROLOVA, Lyudmila Gur'yevna;
GOLUBTSOV, I.Ye., otv. red.; SVERDLOVA, I.S., red.;
SLUTSKIN, A.A., tekhn. red.

[Relay-terminal rural (VRS-20M) automatic telephone exchange
with a capacity of twenty numbers; a collection of articles with
a supplementary schematics folder] Sel'skaja relainaja okon-
nechnaia ATS emkost'iu 20 nomerov (ATS VRS-20M); informatsionnyi
sbornik s prilozheniem al'boma skhem. Moskva, Gos. izd-vo lit-
ry po voprosam sviazi i radio, 1961. 127 p. [Album of
diagrams for the information collection on communications
technology] Al'bom skhem k informatsionnomu sborniku po tekhnike
sviazi. 23 p. 1961. (MIRA 15:3)

(Telephone, Automatic)

MOROZ, Nikolay Andreyevich; TOIMACHEV, Yuriy Aleksandrovich; KON'KOV, V.I.,
otv. red.; SVERDLOVA, I.S., red.; SHEFER, G.I., tekhn. red.

[Repair of telegraph apparatus and automated attachments] Remont tele-
grafnykh apparatov i pristavok avtomatizatsii. Moskva, Gos. izd-vo
lit-ry po voprosam sviazi i radio, 1961. 239 p. (MIRA 14:11)
(Telegraph—Equipment and supplies)

KANTOR, L.Ya.; GUMELYA, A.N.; ROZENBERG, Ya.G.; AFANAS'YEV, A.P.;
SAMORUKOV, D.A.; GUSEV, S.S.; DOGADIN, V.N.; RAMENSKIY, B.N.;
PIONTKOVSKIY, B.A.; SVERDLOVA, I.S., red.; KARABILOVA, S.F.,
tekhn. red.

[Electric communications and wire broadcasting] Elektriche-
skaya sviaz' i radiofikatsiya. Moskva, Gos. izd-vo lit-ry
po voprosam sviazi i radio, 1961. 607 p. (MIRA 14:5)
(Telephone) (Wire broadcasting)

SEMENOV, I.I.; KUTASHOV, P.D.; GOLUBETSOV, I.Ye., otv. red.;
SVERDLOVA, I.S., red.; SHEFER, G.I., tekhn. red.

[New equipment for rural automatic telephone stations] No-
voe oborudovanie dlia sel'skikh ATS; informatsionnyi sbornik.
Moskva, Svia'izdat, 1962. 62 p.
(MIRA 16:5)
(Telephone, Automatic)

FROLOV, Pavel Alekseyevich; TYULIAYEV, A.N., otv. red.; SVERDLOVA,
I.S. red.; SLUTSKIN, A.A., tekhn. red.

[Small coaxial communication cables] Malogabaritnye koaksial'-
nye kabeli sviazi. Moskva, Sviaz'izdat, 1962. 76 p.
(MIRA 15:9)

(Coaxial cables)

UDOVICHENKO, Anatoliy Matveyevich; VOROTSKAYA, Z.A., otv. red.;
SVERDLOVA, I.S., red.; MARKOVH, K.G., tekhn. red.

[Principles of radio communication and wire broadcasting
techniques] Osnovy tekhniki provodnoi i radiosviazi. Moskva,
Sviaz'izdat, 1962. 366 p. (MIRA 16:2)
(Wire broadcasting) (Radio)

KANTOR, L.Ya.; GUMELYA, A.N.; ROZENBERG, Ya.G.; AFANAS'YEV, A.P.;
SAMORUKOV, D.A.; GUSEV, S.S.; DOGADIN, V.N.; RAMENSKIY,
B.N.; KARASIK, N.S.; PIONTKOVSKIY, B.A.; Prinimal uchastiye
MEDOVAR, A.I.; ~~SVERDLOVA, I.S.~~, red.; ULANOVSKAYA, N.M.,
red.; MARKOCH, K.G., tekhn. red.

[Electrical communications and wire broadcasting] Elektri-
cheskaia sviaz' i radiofikatsiia. [By] L.IA.Kantor i dr.
Izd.2., dop. i ispr. Moskva, Sviaz'izdat, 1963. 672 p.
(MIRA 16:8)

(Wire broadcasting) (Telecommunication)

LOGINOV, Anatoliy Georgiyevich. Prinimal uchastiye KARASIK, N.S.;
KOKSHARSKIY, N.S. dots., retsenzent; SVERDLOVA, I.S., red.

[Organization, planning, and design of rural telephone
systems] Organizatsiia, planirovanie i prcektirovanie
sel'skoi telefonnoi sviazi. Moskva, Izd-vo "Sviazi,"
1964. 147 p. (MIRA 17:7)

1. Leningradskiy elektrotekhnicheskiy institut svyazi im.
M.A.Bonch-Bruyevicha (for Koksharskiy). 2. Starshiy inzhe-
ner Glavnogo upravleniya gorodskoy i sel'skoy telefon-
svyazi i radiofikatsii Ministerstva svyazi SSSR (for Karasik).

YUZBASHEV, Suren Georgiyevich; SHKUTNIK, Eduard Stanislavovich;
SVERDLOVA, M.A., nauchn. red.; GLAZUNOVA, Z.M., red.
izd-va; SHERSTNEVA, N.V., tekhn. red.

[Principles of planning, accounting, and business ac-
counting in designing and engineering research organiza-
tions] Osnovy planirovaniia ucheta i khozrascheta v pro-
ektnykh i izyskatel'nykh organizatsiakh. Moskva, Gos-
stroizdat, 1963. 338 p. (MIRA 16:12)

(Construction industry—Accounting)

(Architecture—Designs and plans)

BONFEL'D, Semen Markovich, uchitel' fiziki, izobretatel'; SVERDLOVA, O.G.,
red.; NAZAROVA, A.S., tekhn.red.

[Start of the future innovators in industry; from the practice of
teaching physics] Nachalo puti budushchikh novatorov proiz-
vodstva; iz opyta prepodavaniia fiziki. Moskva, Izd-vo "Znanie,"
1962. 47 p. (Novoe v zhizni, nauke, tekhnike. XI seria:
Pedagogika, no.5) (MIRA 15:5)
(Physics—Study and teaching)

✓ Electronic absorption spectra of benzene and its solutions in ethanol and hexane. V. M. Chulanovskii, T. G. Melster, and O. V. Sverdlova. *Vestnik Leningrad. Univ.* 10, No. 8, Ser. Chim., 1955, No. 3, 123-7 (1955); cf. *C.A.* 49, 13770i.—The position and half-width of 2 benzene absorption bands ($\nu_1 = 39,225$ and $\nu_2 = 39,295$ cm.⁻¹) were studied as a function of the concn. of benzene in two different types of solvent, EtOH and hexane. The concns. varied from 0.0013% to 100%. Both bands, in both solvents, show a gradual pos. peak-frequency shift up to a displacement of about 120 cm.⁻¹ for concns. decreasing from 100% to about 5%. After this the position of both bands remains const. The half-width of ν_1 decreases by about 100 cm.⁻¹, and that of ν_2 decreases by about 80 cm.⁻¹, for both solvents, with the same concn. dependence as for the frequencies. These phenomena are explained on the basis of the vibrational structure of the electronic bands, by suggesting that the contour of the bands, in the main, is detd.

by the strong vibrational "breathing" frequencies of benzene. A variation in concn. effects a redistribution of vibrational transition probabilities, and thus a change in the band contours. Since the changes were approx. the same in both solvents, it is postulated that the greatest interactions giving rise to band contour changes take place between the excited and unexcited benzene mols., rather than between solvent mols. and benzene. This also explains the constancy of frequency and band width at the lower concns. For instance, the av. sepn. of benzene molecules at a 1% concn. is about 25 Å.

R. D. Kross

SOV/51-6-3-11/28

AUTHOR: Sverdlova, O.V.

TITLE: On the Effect of the Solvent on the Electronic Absorption Spectra of Benzene and Chlorbenzene (O vliyanii rastvoritelya na elektronnyye spektry pogloshcheniya benzola i khlorbenzola)

PERIODICAL: Optika i Spektroskopiya, 1959, Vol 6, Nr 3, pp 349-353 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: The author studied displacement of the absorption bands of benzene and chlorbenzene in the region of 2500-2700 Å of benzene and chlorbenzene in the region of 2500-2700 Å in a large number of solvents. Benzene was used because its molecule is neutral and non-polar, because it dissolves easily in a large number of organic solvents and because its absorption bands in the near ultraviolet region are sufficiently narrow for observation of their shift. Chlorbenzene was investigated in order to find the effect of substitution and the dipole moment so produced on the interaction of chlorbenzene with solvents. The absorption spectra were obtained using a quartz spectrograph ISP-22. A krypton lamp GSVD-120 was used as the source of light. Positions of the Card 1/4 absorption bands were determined with respect to the mercury

SOV/51-6-3-11/28

On the Effect of the Solvent on the Electronic Absorption Spectra of Benzene and Chlorbenzene

(Fig.2). In each case dependence between the wave number of the absorption band and $(n^2 - 1)/(2n^2 + 1)$ of the solvent can be expressed by means of a straight line. This linear dependence indicates that the effect of solvents on the positions of the electron absorption bands of benzene and chlorbenzene is a polarisation shift with the solvent acting as a continuous polarising medium, i.e. each molecule of benzene or chlorbenzene is acted upon simultaneously by a large number of the solvent molecules. Local interactions between solvent and solute molecules produce departures from the linear relationships shown in Figs.1 and 2. Fig.3 gives the dependence of the width of the 38250 cm^{-1} absorption band of benzene on $(n^2 - 1)/(2n^2 + 1)$ of the solvent. The results of Fig.3 show that the absorption band width increases with increase of the refractive index of the solvent. Acknowledgment is made to V.M. Chulanovskiy who directed this work. There are 4 figures, 1 table and 10 references, Card 3/4 of which 3 are Soviet, 3 English, 1 German, 1 French,

SVERDLOVA, O.V.

NAME & BOOK INFORMATION 807/5121

Leningrad. Universitat	
Molekul'nyaya spetrokopiya (Molecular Spectroscopy) [Leningrad] Izd-vo	
Leningr. univ., 1960. 198 p. 4,700 copies printed.	
Supp. Ed.: F. I. Sviridov; Eds.: Ye. V. Slobodkova and V. D. Piatrov.	
Tech. Ed.: S. D. Vodolazsk.	
PURPOSE: This collection of articles is intended for scientific workers, engineers and students of physics and chemistry. It may also be used by engineers and technicians employing molecular spectroscopy.	
CONTENTS: The collection of articles describes spectroscopic studies of liquids and solutions, and includes data on applied molecular spectroscopy. Individual articles deal with the molecular interaction in solutions, and specifically with the hydrogen bond problem. Works on the optimum utilization of spectral apparatus and on the analytical application of molecular spectroscopy are also included.	
Aspects of the structure of high and low molecular compounds and of molecular complexes are also covered. The collection was published in honor of the 70th birthday of Professor Vladimir Mihaylovich Chulkov, a Soviet specialist in molecular spectroscopy and spectral analysis. There are no references.	
TABLE OF CONTENTS:	
Chulkov, V. M. Spectroscopy of the Liquid State	5
Sternov, B. I. Basic Principles of the Spectroscopy of Respective Luminous Fluxes	20
Erment, E. S. and N. G. Bakhshayev. Effect of the Internal Field on Spectral Characteristics of Polyatomic Organic Molecules in Solutions	35
Mednik, Z., S. Osicht (deceased), S. Burwold, and S. Mian [Barsay]. Application of Raman Spectra to the Study of Intermolecular Interaction in Electrolyte Solutions	52
Bobrova, T. S. On Raman Spectra Polarization and the Structure of Molecules. A. N. Application of Spectroscopy in the Chemistry of Raman Spectra	63
Meyer, F. D. Study of the Absorption Spectra of Some Alkyl Nitrites	82
Davidov, G. S. and A. Ye. Serebrenik. Investigation of Intermolecular Interactions in Chloroform-Methane Mixtures by Infrared Absorption Spectra	90
Slobodkova, Ye. V. Spectroscopic Study of Intermolecular Interaction in Heteroaromatic Derivatives of Acetylene	108
Goldemberg, A. I., L. I. Martina, and G. P. Prudnik. Application of Spectroscopy in the Manufacture of Plastic	118
Goldemberg, A. I., L. I. Martina, G. S. Popova, and L. I. Martina. Application of Infrared Absorption Spectra to the Study of Polymer Aging	131
Yelishev, V. M., and D. N. Sogolov. Investigation of the Formation of Complexes in Organic Ureanyl Nitrate Solutions by the Method of Infrared Absorption Spectra	145
Perzhanits, I. V. Effect of the Optic System of a Monochromator on the Results of Spectrophotometric Wave Measurements	153
Prudnik, O. V. On the Contour of the Electron Absorption Bands of Some Organic Solutions	160
Orlitsk, T. I. Semiempirical Calculation Method for Single-Electron Wave Functions and Transition Probabilities When the Spin-Orbital Interaction is Taken Into Account	165
Zhitova, Ye. D. Plotting Antisymmetric Wave Functions	174
Chulkov, V. M., and M. I. Mihay. On the Nature of Intermolecular Binding in Acetone-Li-Formate Systems	184

(27)

IOFFE, Boris Veniaminovich, Prinimali uchastiye: TATARSKIY, V.B., prof.;
FRENKEL', S.Ya., starshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik; RYSKIN, Ya.I.,
nauchnyy sotrudnik; SVERDLOVA, O.V., mledshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik;
RAVIDEL', A.A., red.; SHEYNINA, G.A., red.; ERLIKH, Ye.Ya.,
tekhn.red.

[Refractometric methods in chemistry] Refraktometricheskie metody
khimii. Leningrad, Gos.nauchno-tekhn.izd-vo khim.lit-ry, 1960.
(MIRA 14:2)
382 p.

1. Leningradskiy universitet (for Tatarskiy). 2. Institut vysoko-
molekulyarnykh soyedineniy AN SSSR (for Frenkel'). 3. Institut
khimii silikatov AN SSSR (for Ryskin).
(Refractometry)

SVERDLOVA, Roza Markovna; SHEMAKHANSKIY, Viktor Timofeyevich; KUZNETSOV,
A.T., red.; TURETSKIY, Sh.Ye., red.; ISHKHOVA, A.K., red.;
BABICHEVA, V.V., tekhn.red.

[Retail prices for textile notions and goods] Roznichnye tseny
na tekstil'no-galantereinyye tovary. Pod red. A.T.Kuznetsova i
Sh.IA.Turetskogo. Moskva, Gos.izd-vo torg.lit-ry, 1960. 47 p.
(MIRA 14:1)

(Notions (Merchandise)--Prices) (Textile fabrics--Prices)

SVERDLOVA, Sh.I (Tartu, Estonskaya SSR)

~~Tenth anniversary of the Tartu Republic Secondary Medical School.~~
Med.sestra no.5:31 My '55. (MLRA 8:6)
(TARTU—MEDICAL COLLEGES)

SVERDLOVA, S. M.

"The Clinical Aspects and Therapy of Diphtheritic Paralysis", Pediatrics, No. 2,
1948., Mr., Nerve Clinic, Central Sci. Res. Pediatric Inst., Min. Public Health
RSFSR, -c1948-.

KRIGER, Yu.A.; SVERDLOVA, Ye.A.; VAYNSON, A.A.

Change in the physicochemical properties of erythrocytes
caused by heating. Nauch. dokl. vys. shkoly; biol. nauki
no.3:76-81 '64 (MIRA 17:8)

1. Rekomendovana kafedroy biofiziki Moskovskogo gosudarstven-
nogo universiteta.

TRANSLATION

TRANSLATION NO. 100005002

5/0020/65/160/003/0713/0716

AUTHORS: Priger, Yu. A.; Sverdlova, Ye. A.

19

20
19
B

TITLE: Effect of gamma rays and vibration on the physical and chemical nature of red blood cells

SOURCE: AN SSSR. Doklady, v. 160, no. 3, 1965, 713-716

TOPIC TAGS: vibration, gamma radiation, biological effect, hemodynamics, erythrocyte, osmotic resistance, cation balance

ABSTRACT: The purpose of this experiment was to investigate the influence of gamma radiation and vibration on the rheological and osmotic qualities and the cation balance of red blood cells. The experiments were carried out on human blood from which the plasma had been separated from the erythrocytes and placed in a physiological saline solution. The erythrocytes were irradiated with gamma rays at a dose of 80 kr, which varied from 0 to 80 kr. The vibration was a longitudinal wave at 10 cps and an amplitude of 1 mm. The measurements were made before, during, and after irradiation. All remaining measurements were made 1 hr after radiation. The average temperature was 40°C to reveal the maximum effect of radiation and vibration. It was found that neither 80 kr

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ACCESSION NR: AP5005902

nor subsequent vibration affected the dielectric or osmotic nature of human blood. The results held true for samples exposed to simultaneous radiation and vibration. Measurements of the release of calcium from erythrocytes 5-7 hr after irradiation (4, 6-, 10-, and 80-kr doses) and subsequent vibration (1-hr interval) revealed that with an increased radiation dose, there was an increase in calcium release. Vibration did not intensify this increase in either the experimental or control groups. This showed that sucrose had a far more deleterious effect on irradiated erythrocytes than any other sugar. The osmotic resistance of erythrocytes was not affected by vibration. This agreed with the results of other investigators. However, the osmotic resistance of erythrocytes in a physiological solution was lowered upon exposure to the same dose. This was probably due to the fact that plasma acted as a radioprotective agent. Vibration did not affect the osmotic resistance of either irradiated or control erythrocytes.

[CD]

ASSOCIATION: Moskovskiy gosudarstvenny universitet imen M. V. Lomonosova (Moscow State University)

SUBMITTED: 25 May 64

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: LS

NO REF Sov: 009

OTHER: 004

ATD PRES: 3196

Card 2/2

KRIGER, Yu.A.; SVERDLOVA, Ye.A.

Dynamics of the change in properties of photosensibilized erythrocytes. Biofizika 10 no.1:176-178 '65.
(MIRA 18:5)
1. Moskovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet imeni Lomonosova,
Moskva.

KRIGER, Yu.A.; SVERDLOVA, Ye.A.

Effect of gamma rays and vibration on physicochemical properties
of red blood corpuscles. Dokl. AN SSSR 160 no.3:713-716 Ja '65.
(MIRA 18:3)
1. Moskovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet. Submitted May 26, 1964.

LYAMIN, Yu.; UTKIN, E.; SVERDLYUK, Sh.; AKOSTA, S.; BELOVA, A.; BALDYGA, N;
GOL'D, A.; ZVEZDINA, A.; PASECHNIK, N.; SHEYNGAUZ, S.

Revolving credit. Den. i kred. 17 no. 4:52-61 Ap '59.
(MIREA 12:8)

(Credit)

SVERDRUP, A.

Cooperation of the Scandinavian countries in the field of scientific
and technological information. NTI no.9:46-48 '63. (MIRA 16:12)

SVEREPA, Otakar; DOKSANSKY, Vladimir

Use of calcium⁴⁵ for examination of deposits precipitated from
steel corrosion in water. Jaderna energie 8 no.12:434-436 '62.

1. Statni vyzkumnny ustav ochrany materialu G.V.Akimova, Praha.

SVERGUN, I.P.

Tula Forests. Priroda 52 no.8:60-61 Ag '63.
(Tula Province--Forests and forestry)

(MIRA 16:9)

SVERGUN, I.P.

Development of Quaternary relief and the problems of the geomor-
phological regionalization of Tula Province. Biul. MOIP Otd.
geol. 40 no. 6:108-112 N-D '65 (MIRA 19:1)

SSD/AFWL/RAEM(a)/AFETR/APGC(b)/ESD(gs)

ACCESSION NR: AP-000457

S/0109.54/09/012/2156/2165

AUTHOR: Agabekyan, A. S., Grasyuk, A. Z., Zibarev, I. G., Svergun, V. I.
Orayevskiy, A. N.

TITLE: Stabilization of unstable conditions in a two-level quantum generator

SOURCE: Radiotekhnika i elektronika, v. 9, no. 12, 1964, 2156-2165

TOPIC TAGS: quantum generator, quantum generator stabilization

ABSTRACT: Two methods of stabilizing automodulation conditions in a two-level quantum generator are theoretically considered: (1) Locking-in of the unstable generator by a low-power constant-amplitude generator; (2) Stabilization by means of a resonator-Q negative feedback. The effect of a constant-amplitude external force on the stability of the amplitude of oscillations is mathematically investigated. To stabilize automodulation conditions, the magnitude of the external force should exceed a certain threshold which depends on the parameters

Card 1/2

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ACCESSION NR: AP5000457

of the generator being locked; hence, phase and amplitude locking-in must be distinguished. Four equations describing the stabilization by a resonator-Q negative feedback are set up and analyzed. Orig. art. has: 7 figures and 52 formulas.

ASSOCIATION: none

ENCL: 00

SUBMITTED: 31Jul63

OTHER: 001

SUB CODE: EC

NO REF SOV: 005

Card 2/2

sov/123-59-16-64677

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal. Mashinostroyeniye, 1959, Nr 16, p 143 (USSR)

AUTHOR: Svergunenko, A.A.

TITLE: Corrosion Protection of Equipment for the Production of Ethyl Benzene and Isopropyl Benzene

PERIODICAL: Byul. tekhn.-ekon. inform. Sovnarkhoz Stalinskogo ekon. adm. r-na, 1958, Nr 10, 14

ABSTRACT: The technology of using an anticorrosive bakelite coating with gauze for the corrosion protection of the inner surface of alkylation towers for the production of ethyl benzene and isopropyl benzene is described. The service life of the towers is increased from 45 to 90 days.
K.S.A.

Card 1/1

85732

S/170/60/003/007/015/018/XX
B019/B067

6,8000 (3201,1099,1162)

AUTHOR:

Svergunenko, L. A.

TITLE: The Problem of the Effect of Heat Conduction on Sound
Absorption in CrystalsPERIODICAL: Inzhenerno-fizicheskiy zhurnal, 1960, Vol. 3, No. 7,
pp. 117 - 120

TEXT: In the present study, the author uses the deformation tensor u_{ik} and the temperature T as thermodynamical variables. The free energy per unit volume of the crystal may then be expanded in a power series of u_{ik} and $\theta = T - T_0$: $F(T, u_{ik}) = F(T_0) + \frac{1}{2}\lambda_{iklm}u_{ik}u_{lm} + \alpha_{ik}u_{ik}\theta + \frac{1}{2}\gamma\theta^2$ (1). Here, $F(T_0)$ denotes the free energy of the sample without sound disturbances. For irreversible processes, the following thermodynamical formula is obtained: $\theta = -\tau^{-1}(\theta - \bar{\theta})$ (3), where $\bar{\theta}$ is an equilibrium value of θ for given values of the deformation tensor. By introducing a new variable

Card 1/2

SVERGUNENKO, L. A.

"Effect of thermal conductivity on sound absorption in defect crystals."

Report presented at the 1st All-Union Conference on Heat- and Mass-Exchange, Minsk, BSSR, 5-9 June 1961.

SVERHUNENKO, L.A.

24,1900(1109, 147, 1327)

AUTHOR: Sverhunenko, L.O.

TITLE: Thermodynamic theory of sound absorption in crystals
with defects X

PERIODICAL: Ukrayins'kyy fizychnyy zhurnal, v. 6, no. 2, 1961,
197 - 201

TEXT: Existing thermodynamic theories of sound absorption in solids are based on adiabatic assumptions, and suffer from the lack of detailed knowledge of the factors representing the sound absorption due to plasticity. The author used a thermodynamic relaxation method to obtain a general expression for sound absorption in crystals with defects which reduces to the existing expression, with corresponding assumptions. The free energy of a crystal in which a sound wave is propagating was expanded into

$$2F(T, u_{ik}, \eta) = 2F(T_0, C_0) + \lambda_{iklm} u_{ik} u_{lm} + \gamma \theta^2 + \beta \eta^2 + 2\alpha_{ik} u_{ik} \theta + 2\delta_{lm} u_{lm} \eta + 2\Lambda \theta \eta, \quad (1)$$

Card 1/6

28436

S/185/61/006/002/008/020

D210/D304

Thermodynamic theory of sound ...

N_1 - number of defects formed; U_0 - energy of one defect; N - number of atoms in the crystal; ρ - density; μ - mass of one gram atom of the substance. The time variation of θ and η were represented by

$$\dot{\theta} = -a_{11}(\theta - \bar{\theta}) - a_{12}(\eta - \bar{\eta}), \quad (3)$$

$$\dot{\eta} = -a_{21}(\theta - \bar{\theta}) - a_{22}(\eta - \bar{\eta}),$$

where $\bar{\theta}$ and $\bar{\eta}$ are the equilibrium values corresponding to given values of the variable μ_{ik} . On applying a number of transformations F was obtained in a new form which was then differentiated with respect to the strain tensor to obtain the stress tensor σ_{ik} . The displacement vector for the sound deformation was expressed in the form

$$u_m = u_m^0 \cos(\omega t - kr), \quad (m = 1, 2, 3) \quad (19)$$

and the strain tensor in the form

Card 3/6

28436

S/185/61/006/002/008/020

D210/D304

Thermodynamic theory of sound ...

of an isotropic medium, where the correlation between temperature and concentration can be neglected (small deviation from equilibrium), the absorption coefficient is given by

$$\Pi = \frac{1}{2\rho c^3} \left[\frac{(\alpha')^2 K^2 T}{C_v} \cdot \frac{\omega^2 \tau_\theta}{1 + \omega^2 \tau_\theta^2} + \frac{(\alpha^c)^2 K^2 \mu C_0}{\rho R T} \cdot \frac{\omega^2 \tau_\eta}{1 + \omega^2 \tau_\eta^2} \right], \quad (28)$$

K - bulk compression modulus; τ_θ - temperature relaxation time; τ_η - concentration relaxation time. The first half of this equation represents the temperature coefficient Π_T which reduces to the standard equation

$$\Pi_T = \frac{(\alpha^T)^2 K_T^2}{2 c^5 C_v^2} \omega^2 \mu, \quad (30)$$

when $\tau_\theta = c^2 C_v / \omega^2 \mu$ and $\omega \tau_\theta \gg 1$. There are 7 references: 5 Soviet-bloc and 2 non-Soviet-bloc. The references to the English-language

Card 5/6

SVERGUNENKO, L.A.

Effect of electrons and quasi-particles of the lattice on the
absorption of sound in solids. Izv.vys.uch.zav.; fiz. no.4:46-53
'62. (MIRA 15:9)

1. Dnepropetrovskiy meditsinskiy institut.
(Crystal lattices) (Absorption of sound)

S/185/62/007/005/008/013
D407/D301

On the absorption of sound waves ...

system of equations

$$\dot{\xi}_i = \frac{\partial \xi}{\partial F_i} \quad (i = 1, 2, \dots, n) \quad (1.3)$$

$$\text{where } 2\Phi = \sum L_{ik} F_i F_k, \quad F_k = \frac{\partial F}{\partial \xi_k}, \quad (1.4)$$

L_{ik} denoting the tensor of kinetic coefficients. System (1.3) corresponds to the approximation of irreversible thermodynamics. After calculations, one obtains for the acoustic-absorption coefficient:

$$\overline{\Pi} = \frac{1}{2\rho v_s} \sum \beta_{ik}^n \{(\mathcal{U}L\mathcal{A} + \Omega^2 L^{-1})^{-1}\}_{\mu\nu} \xi_{im} \frac{u_k^0 u_m^0 k_i k_l}{(u_m^0)^2} \quad (1.20)$$

or, (setting $\tau = (\mathcal{U}L\mathcal{A})^{-1}$),

$$\overline{\Pi} = \frac{1}{2\rho v_s} \sum \beta_{ik}^n \{(\mathcal{U} + \Omega^2 \tau^{-2})^{-1} \tau \mathcal{A}(-1)\}_{\mu\nu} \beta_{lm}^n \frac{u_k^0 u_m^0 k_i k_l}{(u_m^0)^2}, \quad (1.21)$$

where β and the elements α_{ik} of the matrix \mathcal{A} are the coefficients in the expression for the free energy, k_i are the components of the

Card 2/4

On the absorption of sound waves ...

S/185/62/007/005/008/013
D407/D301

wave vector, and τ is the relaxation-time matrix. Formulas (1.20) and (1.21) can be used in actual calculations for any number of parameters and any anisotropic medium; thereby it is required to know the free energy of the specimen under acoustic perturbations. These formulas are however rather cumbersome. Hence, the author derives a simpler formula, by setting L_{ik} and α_{ik} equal to zero. The above formulas are used for calculating the acoustic-absorption coefficient in binary solid solutions. A substitutional solid solution is considered, which is of β -brass type and can be ordered. Thereby the free energy is written in the Gors'kiy-Bragg-Williams approximation. Formulas are obtained for the sound absorption in such solutions. These formulas are used in the analysis of sound absorption, due to the relaxation of the degree of long-range order η , for two limiting cases (when the parameter η approaches zero and unity, respectively). The absorption maximum was observed at a temperature $T_m = 315^\circ\text{C}$, by setting the maximum damping-decrement $\Delta_{\max} = 5.2 \cdot 10^{-3}$. The calculated and experimental values of the decrement were of the same order of magnitude. Formulas are obtained for the temperature dependence of the sound-absorption maximum and for the

Card 3/4

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S/185/62/007/010/010/020
D234/D308

AUTHOR: Sverhunenko, L. O.

TITLE: Effect of adding a third element on the absorption of sound in binary alloys

PERIODICAL: Ukrayins'kyy fizychnyy zhurnal, v. 7, no. 10, 1962,
1110-1116

TEXT: Using an expression for sound absorption obtained by him previously (Ukr. fiz. zh., 7, no. 5, 1962), the author considers the case when the atoms of the third element, C, are situated at the lattice nodes of binary alloys A-B having equal number of nodes of both kinds, the nodes of each kind being surrounded only by those of the other. The free energy is taken in an approximation accounting for correlation in the distribution of the atoms. Assuming that the distant order in the distribution of C atoms remains nearly unchanged during the propagation of a sound wave, it is concluded that there is at least one absorption maximum near the temperature of transition from order to disorder. The temperature

Card 1/2

Effect of adding ...

S/185/62/007/010/010/020
D234/D308

at which this maximum occurs is different for the A-B alloy with and without addition of C. The author also studies the case when C atoms are at the octahedral interstitial points of the A-B alloy having a body-centered cubic lattice of B-brass type. The free energy is taken in an approximation not accounting for correlation. The presence of C atoms does not affect the sound absorption at all. If the redistribution of C atoms is taken into account, the absorption due to it is equal to zero in the case of small concentrations of C, the C atoms being situated at interstitial points of one kind only. The author thanks M. A. Kryvohlaz for advice.

ASSOCIATION: Dnipropetrov's'kyj medychnyy instytut (Dnipropetrovsk Medical Institute)

SUBMITTED: February 26, 1962

Card 2/2

ACCESSION NR: AR4046011

S/0058/64/000/007/E075/E075

AUTHOR: Svergunenko, L. A.

SOURCE: Ref. zh. Fizika, Abs. 7E577

TITLE: Contribution to the theory of internal friction in metals and alloys in the presence of several relaxing parameters

CITED SOURCE: Sb. Relaksats. yavleniya v. met. i splavakh. M., Metalurgizdat, 1963, 40-45

TOPIC TAGS: internal friction, relaxation kinetics, kinetic equation, specific heat, ordered alloy

TRANSLATION: The author points out the expediency of analyzing internal friction (IF) within the framework of a theory with many relaxation parameters. Relations are presented, describing the magnitude of the IF in an arbitrary anisotropic medium in terms of its

Card 1/2

ACCESSION NR: AR4046010

S/0058/64/000/007/E067/E067

SOURCE: Ref. zh. Fizika, Abs. 7E514

AUTHOR: Svergunenko, L. A.

TITLE: On the influence of electrons and quasiparticles of the lattice on the internal friction in metals and alloys

CITED SOURCE: Sb. Relaksats. yavleniya v met. i splavakh. M., Metallurgizdat, 1963, 53-54

TOPIC TAGS: internal friction, crystal lattice structure, kinetic equation, relaxation kinetics, electron phonon collision

TRANSLATION: Formulas for estimating the influence of electrons and quasiparticles of the crystal lattice on the internal friction (IF) in metals and alloys are proposed on the basis of the thermodynamics of irreversible processes. The use of these formulas is possible if

Card 1/2

L 18086-63/

EWP(q)/EWT(m)/EDS

AFFTC/ASD

JD/JG

S/0181/63/005/008/2052/2058

ACCESSION NR: AP3005308

AUTHOR: Svergunenko, L. A.TITLE: Effect of ordering on internal friction in alloys of the type Fe₃AlSOURCE: Fizika tverdogo tela, v. 5, no. 8, 1963, 2052-2058

TOPIC TAGS: ordering, alloy, Fe, Al, transition, relaxation, internal friction, thermal expansion, elastic modulus

ABSTRACT: On the basis of a theory with many relaxation parameters (L. A. Svergunenko, Izv. vuzov SSSR, Fizika, No. 4, 46, 1962), the author investigates internal friction in alloys of the Fe₃Al type, resulting from relaxation of higher-order parameters. The relationship thus obtained expresses a value of internal friction Q⁻¹ through the physical characteristics of the alloy (elastic modulus, coefficient of thermal expansion, parameters of order) and permits the calculation of numerical values of Q⁻¹ for various temperatures. Numerical computations for Fe₃Al of stoichiometric composition indicate that at the temperatures of transition T₁ and T₂ internal friction may reach values on

Card 1/2

L 18086-63

ACCESSION NR: AP3005308

the order of 10^{-1} to 10^{-2} . Orig. art. has: 29 formulas.

ASSOCIATION: Dnepropetrovskiy meditsinskiy institut (Dnepropetrovsk Medical Institute)

SUBMITTED: 29Apr62

DATE ACQ: 06Sep63

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: PH, ML

NO REF SOV: 006

OTHER: 004

Card 2/2

SVERGUNENKO, L.A. [Sverhunenko, L.O.]

Characteristics of the deformation of solid bodies under the
combined effect of diffusion and heat conduction. Dop. AN URSR
no.4:460-464 '65. (MIRA 18:5)

1. Dnepropetrovskiy meditsinskiy institut.

SVERIDENKO, P. A.

"Use of the Theory of Rotating Poles to Analyze Asynchronous Machines with Single-Phase
Stator and Rotor", Elektrichestvo, No 7, 1948, Prof., Dr. Tech. Sci. Moscow. -c1948-.

SVERKALOV, V.

Youth reveres the memories of heroes who fell in combat. Voen. znan.
(MIRA 12:12)
36 no.1:14 Ja '60.

1. Sekretar' Ul'yanovskogo oblastnogo komiteta Vsesoyuznogo
Leninskogo Kommunisticheskogo soyuza molodezhi.
(Heroes)

S/106/62/000/005/006/007
A055/A101.

Investigation of multilayer shields in coaxial cables

thin shields. The shielding factor of the examined three-layer shield, such as finally found by the authors, is:

$$S_{123} = \frac{1}{\operatorname{ch} k_1 t_1 \operatorname{ch} k_2 t_2 \operatorname{ch} k_3 t_3} \frac{1}{\left(1 + \frac{z}{z_{m1}} \operatorname{th} k_1 t_1 \operatorname{th} k_2 t_2\right) \left(1 + \frac{z}{z_{m2}} \operatorname{th} k_2 t_2 \operatorname{th} k_3 t_3\right)}$$

where $K = \sqrt{i \omega \mu \sigma}$ are the eddy currents coefficients of the corresponding shield layers; t are the thicknesses of the shield layers; $z_m = \sqrt{\frac{i \omega \mu}{\sigma}}$ are the wave impedances of the metal of the corresponding layers. On the basis of this formula, the authors obtain also analogous formulae for the shielding factor of the two-layer and one-layer shields. The authors next deal with the calculation of the "shielding attenuation" in the case of the three-layer (copper-steel-copper) shields and for different thicknesses of the copper and steel layers, the total thickness of the shield being constant and equal to 0.2 mm; this calculation was made for the 60 - 550 kc/s range. Two graphs are presented, giving, respectively, the frequency dependence of the attenuation and its dependence on the increase of the thickness of the steel layer. Another graph shows

Card 2/3

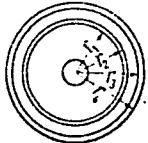
Investigation of multilayer shields in coaxial cables

S/10E/62/000/005/006/007
A055/A101

the relative importance of the "absorption attenuation" and the "reflection attenuation" in the case of a three-layer aluminum-steel-aluminum shield. At the end of the article, the authors reproduce a table giving the measured crosstalk attenuation between small coaxial cables, intended for the h-f multiplexing system K-300. The Soviet personality mentioned in the article is V. Mashkova. There are 5 figures and 2 tables.

SUBMITTED: December 15, 1961

Figure 2:



Card 3/3

SRAPIONOV, Onik Sergeyevich; YEREMINA, Zinaida Petrovna;
SVERKALOVA, Aleksandra Pavlovna; KUZNETSOV, M.A., otv.red.;
SAKHAROVA, Ye.D., red.

[Business accounting within communication system enterprises]
Vnutriproizvodstvennyi khozraschet v predpriatiakh sviazi.
Moskva, Izd-vo "Sviaz'" 1964. 36 p. (MIRA 17:5)

GRODNEV, I.I., doktor tekhn.nauk; LYUBIMOV, K.A., kand.tekhn.nauk;
SVERKALOVA, A.P., inzh.

Small-sized coaxial cable. Elektrotehnika 35 no.3:46-47
Mr '64. (MIRA 17:5)

SVERKO., J.

Interdepartmental cost accounting in the Sverma Iron Works in Pobrezova. p. 344

TECHNICKA PRACA. Czechoslovakia, Vol. 7, No. 8, August 1955

Monthly List of East European Accessions, (EEAI), LC. Vol. 8, No. 9, September 1959
Uncl.

SVEREUNOV, A., teknik

Scrapers conveyor operation control. Mast.ugl.4 no.7:20 J1'55.
(Conveying machinery) (MIREA 8:10)

SVERKUNOV, A., gornyy tekhnik.

Cable pusher. Mast.ugl. 5 no.7:21 J1 '56. (MIRA 9:9)
(Mine railroads)

SVERKUNOV, A.I., gornyy tekhnik.

Success of miners of the Darasun Mining Administration. Gor.
zhur. no.7:63 J1 '56. (MLRA 9:9)

1. Vostochnosibirskoye otdeleniye nauchno-tekhnicheskogo
obshchestva tsvetnoy metallurgii.
(Darasun--Gold mines and mining)

SVERKUNOV, A.I.

V.G. Spisovskii's mine surveying instruments. Biul.tekh.-ekon.
inform. no.6:8-9 '58. (MIRA 11:8)
(Mine surveying)

SVERKUNOV, A.I.

"Mine surveyor" designed by V.G. Spisovskii. Biul. TSIIN tsvet.
met. no. 7:7-9 '58. (MIRA 11:?)
(Surveying--Instruments)

SVERKUNOV, B., prepodavatel'

When everybody is active. Prof.-tekhn. obr. 21 no.10:20
0 '64. (MIRA 17:11)

1. Gorodskoye professional'no-tehnicheskoye uchilishche No.17,
Novosibirsk.

AUTHOR:

Sverkunov, D. (RAOVAP)

SOV/107-58-10-14/55

TITLE:

Komsomol Radio-Stations (Komsomol'skiye radiostantsii)

PERIODICAL:

Radic, 1958, Nr 10, p 12 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

The author describes the growth and work of ultra-short wave radio stations operated by Komsomol members in Chita.

Card 1/1

MALINOVSKIY, A.G., inzhener-podpolkovnik; SVERKUNOV, L.P., inzhener-mayor

Automation in processing radar information (as revealed by foreign press data). Vest. protivovozd. obor. no.8:47-51 Ag '61.(MIRA 14:8) (Automation) (United States—Radar, Military)

SVERLOV, Aleksandr Andreyevich, kand. tekhn. nauk, dots.;
SERGEYEVA, I.N., red.

[Technology of metals; processes of especially fine finishing of rolling stock parts. Lectures for students specializing in "Diesel locomotives and their maintenance," "Manufacture of railroad cars and their maintenance," "Electrification of railroads." and "Construction and road machinery and equipment"] Tekhnologija metallov; protsessy osobo tonkoi chistovoi obrabotki detalei podvizhnogo sostava. Lektsii dlja studentov spetsial'nostei "Teplovozy i teplovoznoe khoziaistvo," "Vagonostroenie i vagonnoe khoziaistvo," "Elektrifikatsiya zheleznodorozhnogo transporta," "Stroiteliye i dorozhnye mashiny i oborudovanie." Moskva, Vses. zaochnyi in-t inzhenerov zhel.-dor. transporta, 1964. 55 p.

(MIRA 18:4)

LEBEDEV, A. (Pavlovo Gor'kovskoy obl.); SVERLOV, N. (Kirillov Velikogodskoy obl.); BATMANOV, G. (Tambov); MOKROTSOV, Ye. (Moskovskaya obl.)

Repaired by amateurs. Radio no.9:34 S '64. (MRA 17:12)

10805-62 EWP(m), EWP(k), EWP(b) Pf-4, Ps-4 ASD(m)-3 JD/HW
ACCESSION NR: AT4012710 S/2981/63/000/002/0031/0040

AUTHOR: Kovrzhnykh, V. G.; Ponagaybo, Yu. N.; Sverlov, V. I.

TITLE: Technology of extruding large, flat or round, SAP bars 6

SOURCE: Aluminivye splavy. Stenki stany. 2. Speciannivye splavy*.
M. I. Kovrzhnykh, Yu. N. Ponagaybo, V. I. Sverlov. 1981

ABSTRACT: The authors describe a new process for the extrusion of flat or round SAP bars by hot extruding. Although extruding machinery can be used, the extrusion of SAP bars is best done in a special extruder designed for aluminum alloys. The extrusion temperature is 300-350°C. The extrusion speed should be 10-15 m/min. The extrusion ratio is 10-15. The extrusion time is 1-2 minutes, since lower temperatures favor the formation of a skin. Higher rates favor the formation of a core. The SAP bars are not affected by temperature, apparently because of the short extrusion conditions. The mechanical properties of SAP bars extruded under these process conditions show no significant anisotropy and are not affected.

Card 1/2

L 10805-45
ACCESSION NR: AT4012710

9

by annealing at 500°C for as long as 100 hrs. or even by being held at 500°C under stress equal to half the yield point for up to 580 hours. The surface of etched specimens was examined with an electron microscope which gave a positive identification of the particles. The following method of obtaining of granular structure was also employed to granular β - γ alumina particles uniformly distributed throughout the α -alumina matrix. This method was used in the production of α - γ and α - β alumina and in heat bars up to 30 mm thick and 405 mm wide, extruded from round SAP billets 135-500 mm in diameter and 250-900 mm long with reductions of 88-94%. Engineers V. M. Baranchikov, V. A. Klymenko, V. I. Bulgakov, G. I. Albert, Ye. S. Yel'kov, B. I. Pasyankov, M. V. Tikhonov, and V. A. Klymenko were in charge of the whole program with technological supervision.

ASSOCIATION

3M111501-10

1422

SUB CODE: MM

4 2EF IV 201

37-4821-300

Card 2/2

SVERICK, V.N.; SERYY, N.V.

Universal circuit for the control of spring load drives. Prom. energ.
19 no.12:15-16 D '64. (MIRA 18:3)

SVERLOV, Vladimir Sergeyevich

(Leningrad Sci Res Inst of Expertise of Work Fitness and Work Organization of Invalids) - Academic degree of Doctor of Pedagogical Sciences, based on his defense, 26 April 1955, in the Council of the Inst of Psychology of the Acad of Pedagogical Sci RSFSR, of his dissertation entitled: "Orientation of the Blind."

Academic degree and/or title: Doctor of Sciences

SO: Decisions of VAK, List no. 26, 17 Dec 55, Byulleten' MVO SSSR,
Uncl. JPRS/NY 548

KHAYRETDINOV, I.A.; DOKUKIN, G.P.; PROKHOROV, V.G.; SVERLOVA, V.N.

Use of gas testing for prospecting in the fault areas of the
Western Sayan Mountains. Geol. i geofiz. no.10:135-137 '65.
(MIRA 18:12)

1. Krasnoyarskoye otdeleniye Sibirs'kogo nauchno-issledovatel'-
skogo instituta geologii, geofiziki i mineral'nogo syr'ya.
Submitted March 25, 1964.

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/31/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001654120004-8

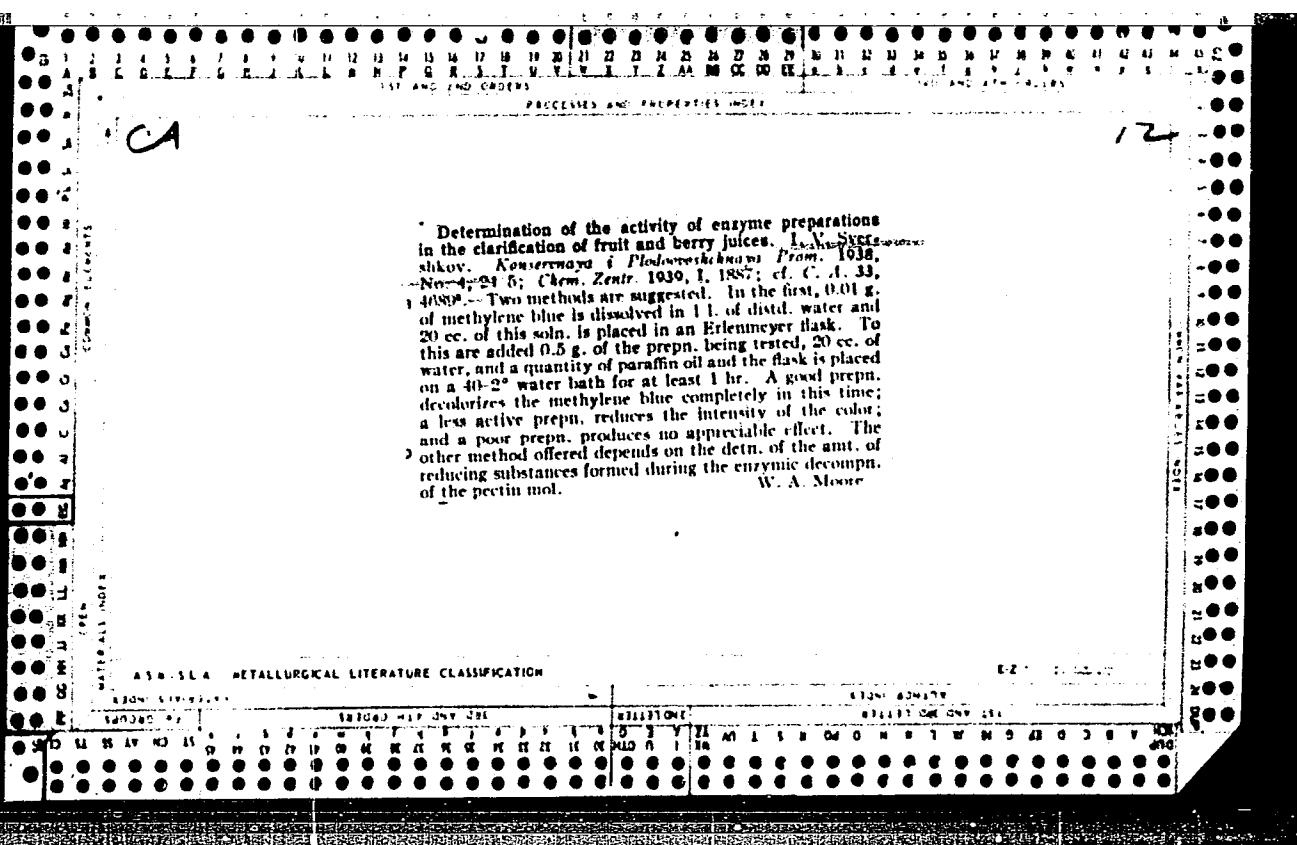
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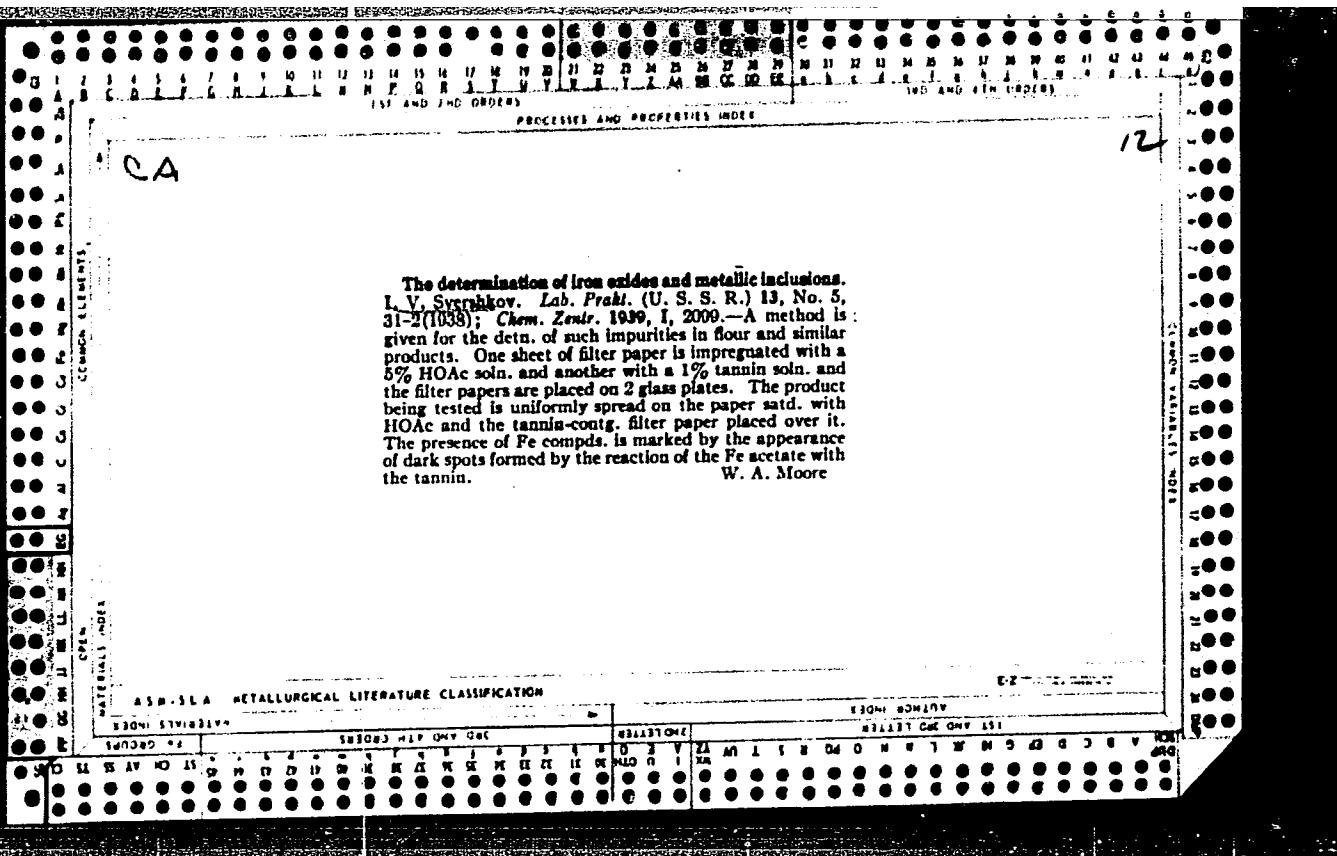
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Overhead security

AID P - 3469

Subject : USSR/Aeronautics
Card 1/1 Pub. 135 - 4/20
Author : Svershinskiy, R., Eng. Maj.
Title : Calculation for altitude in bombing with a radar
sight
Periodical : Vest. voz. flota, 12, 17-23, D 1955
Abstract : The author discusses a formula established by
Krylov, N., (this journal, No. 11, 1954), for the
determination of errors due to the miscalculation
of altitude. Examples, diagrams.
Institution : None
Submitted : No date



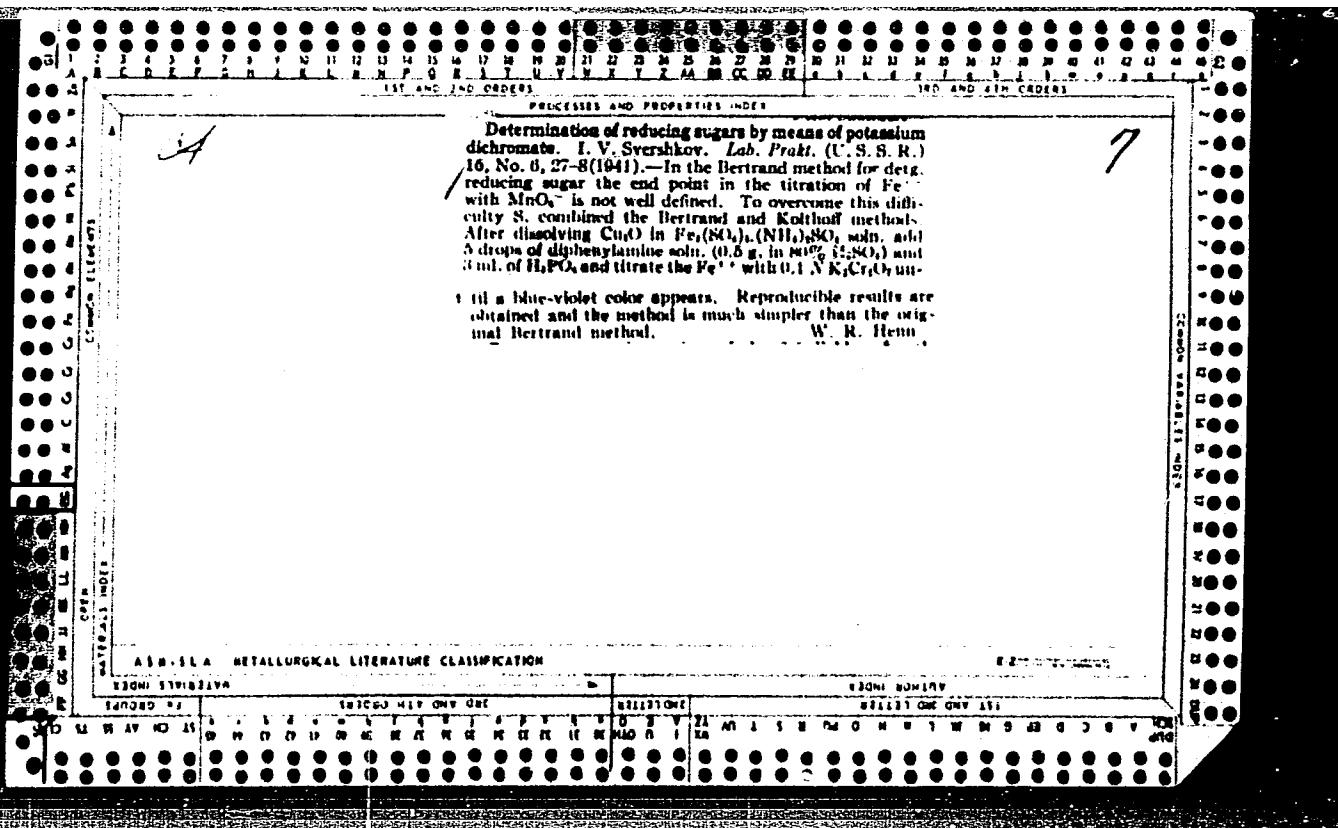


New reactions for the detection of sulfurous acid in fruit and berry juices. I. V. Sverdlikov, *Lab. Prakt. U. S. S. R.* 1939, No. 2, 3-10. The reagent is prepared by mixing 1 part of 1% aq. soln. of methylene blue with 2 parts of 5% soln. of I in KI in a mortar. After 24 hrs. the ppt. is filtered, distilled, water is added and the mixt. centrifuged. The washed ppt. is acidified with H_2SO_4 and kept in water. Into a test tube 5 cc. of the mixt. with 2 cc. of 1 N soln. of base, and these are kept for 15 min. The liquid is slightly acidified with H_2SO_4 and approx. 1-2 cc. is distilled off; a 15-20 cm. glass rod through the stopper is used as a condenser. Several flakes of the prep. reagent are then added to the distillate. A blue or bluish color proves the existence of SO_2 in the juice.

By comparing the color with a color standard the amt. of SO_4^{2-} can be detd. W. R. Heyn

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/31/2001

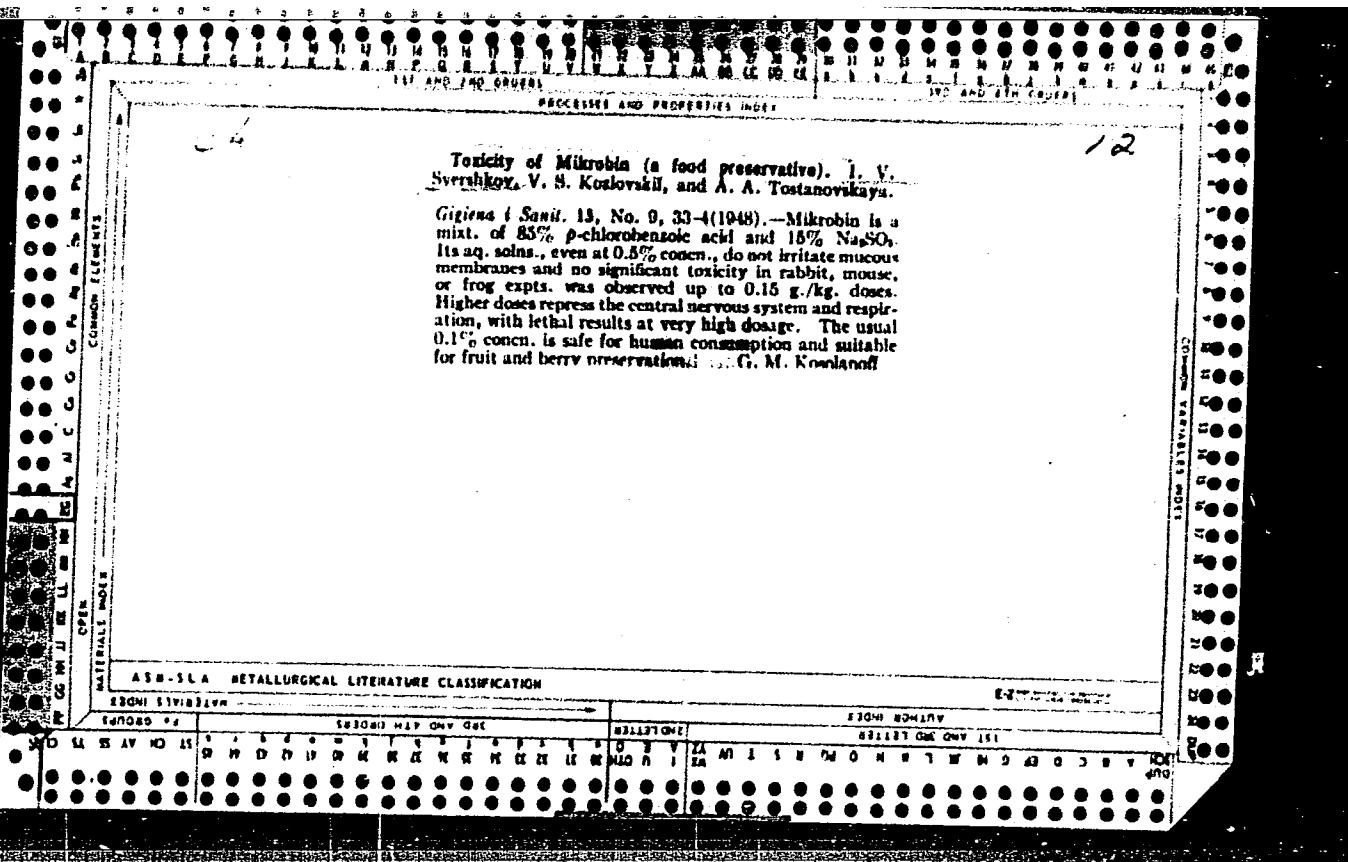
CIA-RDP86-00513R001654120004-8"



CH

✓ 2

Hygienic evaluation of sulfoformite. I. V. Svershkov
and V. S. Korlovskii (Ukrain. Nutrition Research Institute
Kiev). *Gigiena i Sanit.* 11, No. 6, 36-7 (1940). - Sulfo-
formite method of fruit preservation was found to be satis-
factory for "dry" sulfite treatment of the fruit. No ac-
cumulation of N oxides in the treatment chamber was
noted, when the following mixt. was used as the SO₂
source: 72% S, 18% NaNO₃, 10% sawdust. G. M. K.



SVERSHKOV, I.V.

USSR.

✓ Hygienic evolution of maleic esters used as antioxidants
I. V. Svershkov and A. A. Tostanovskaya (Ukrain. Sci.

Acad. of Agric. Nutrition, Kiev). Voprosy Sel'skogo 12

1953. Toxic doses of $\text{Me}_2\text{malonat}$ I and $\text{Me}_2\text{succinat}$ II given directly to different animals are the following: I 0.5-1 g./kg. body wt. of guinea pig; II 1-1.5 g./kg., for the mixt. of I and II 1.25-2 g./kg.; however, the 1:1 mixt. of I and II in the amt. of 0.5 g./kg. body wt. was without any toxic effect. On feeding cats and dogs during 40-50 days with margarine contg. 0.01% of the mixt. of I and II in the amt. of 4.5 g. of the mixt./kg. body wt., some pathol. effects were noted. On feeding 1-2 g. of the mixt./kg. body wt. the exptl. animals behaved normally. The antioxidants I and II possess also fungicid properties. The adm. of 0.1-0.2% of I and II in 100 g. of margarine stored in a refrigerator did not allow the growth of fungi for 45 days, while the same adm. of 0.1% of each of the antioxidants gave the same result with a compact mycelium within 28 days, which penetrated in some places as deep as 5 cm. Thus, I and II in the amt. of 0.005% each, can be successfully used as antioxidants and preservatives of margarine. Margarine so treated was found to be also harmless to man and beings.

P. WEIDNER

SVERSHKOV, I. V.

Chemical composition of vegetables grown in greenhouses.

✓ 1. V. Svershkov and D. S. Dukhan (Nutrition Inst., Kiev).
Voprosy Fiziologii 15, No. 5, 83-90 (1958).—Moisture, dry
substance, invert sugar, sucrose, Ca, Mg, P, K, Fe, as-
corbic acid, carotene, and thiamine are given for red cab-
bage, cucumbers, sweet pepper, and egg plants grown in
green houses and in the field. All vegetables grown in
greenhouses, except red cabbage, had superior nutritional
value.

R. Wierbleki

2

✓ 1. V. Svershkov and D. S. Dukhan (Nutrition Inst., Kiev).
Voprosy Fiziologii 15, No. 5, 83-90 (1958).—Moisture, dry
substance, invert sugar, sucrose, Ca, Mg, P, K, Fe, as-
corbic acid, carotene, and thiamine are given for red cab-
bage, cucumbers, sweet pepper, and egg plants grown in
green houses and in the field. All vegetables grown in
greenhouses, except red cabbage, had superior nutritional
value.

SVERSHKOV, I.V.

Making noise-producing parts of children's toys from nondecaying material. (Iz. i san. 21 no.11:78-79 N '56. (MIRA 10:2)

1. Iz laboratorii pishchevoy khimii Ukrainskogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo instituta pitaniya.
(TOYS)

SVERSHKOV, I. V., dotsent; BIRKOVSKIY, Yu. Ye.

Prevention of dermatitis in fishery workers processing fresh and
frozen gobies. Vest.derm. i ven. 31, no.3:51-52 My-Je '57.
(MIRA 10:11)

1. Iz Ukrainskogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo instituta pitaniya
i iz Kiyevskogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo instituta epidemiologii
i mikrobiologii.
(SKIN--DISEASES) (FISHERIES--HYGIENIC ASPECTS)

SVERSHKOV, I.V.

Sanitary inspection of food products exposed to ammonia^{gas.}
Gig. i san. 23 no.8:79 Ag '58 (MIRA 11:9)

1. Iz Ukrainskogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo instituta:
(AMMONIA)
(FOOD CONTAMINATION)

SVERSHKOV, I.V.

Identifying glasslike bodies in frozen sugared fruit and berries. Gig.
i san. 24 no.9:82 S '59. (MIRA 13:1)

1. Iz Ukrainskogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo instituta pitaniya.
(FRUIT, FROZEN)

SVERSHKOV, I.V.; DUBRIYER, I.B.; KAZNACHEY, P.Ya.

Causes of beet-red staining in fermented vegetables. Vop. pit.
19 no.1:90-91 Ja-F '60. (MIRA 13:5)

1. Iz Ukrainskogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo instituta pitaniya
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SVERSTYUK, Ye.O. [Sverstiuk, YE.O.]

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(Comprehension)
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SVERSTYUK, Ye.O. [Sverstiuk, YE.O.]

Peculiarities in the understanding by older pupils of motivations
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11:156-159 '59. (MIRA 13:11)

1. Institut psichologii, Kiyev.
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SVERTSOV, NIKOLAI ALEKSEEVICH

SVERTSOV, NIKOLAI ALEKSEEVICH. Puteshestvie po Turkestanskому kraiu. Izd.
2-e. Moskva, Geografgiz, 1947. 304 p. DLC: DK854.S47 1947

ICU MH NGrnUN NM NNC WaU

SO: LC, Soviet Geography, Part I, 1951, Uncl.

SVERZHEVSKIY, V.L., geolog; POLOZHAY, G.T., geolog; BOGODEROV, M.A., geolog

Physicomechanical properties of rocks at great depths. *Ugol' Ukr.*
7 no.6:19-21 Je 63. (MIRA 16:8)

1. Trest Artemgeologiya.

SVERZHEVSKIY, V.L.; POLOZHAY, G.T.; PORTNOY, N.Z.; BOGODEROV, M.A.;
MARTYNYUK, V.V.

Behavior of roof rock in coal mine stopes. Ugol' 39 no.10:9-12
0 '64. (MIRA 17:12)

1. Trest Artemgeologiya.

NIKOLIN, V. A., kand. tekhn. nauk; LYSIKOV, B.A., inzh.; SVERZHEVSKIY, V.L.,
Inzh.

Strength properties of sandstone at great depths. Shakht. stroi.
(MIRA 18:7)
9 no.3:15-17 Mr '65.

1. Makeyevskiy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut po bezopasnosti
rabot v gornoy promyshlennosti (for Niklin). 2. Donetskiy poli-
tekhnicheskiy institut (for Lysikov). 3. Trest Artemgeologiya
(for Sverzhevskiy).

SVERZHINSKAYA, B. M.

Intestinal invaginations in capillary toxicosis (Schoenlein-Henoch
purpura). Pediatriia 39 no.5:60-62 S-0 '56. (MLRA 10:1)

1. Iz khirurgicheskogo otdeleniya (zav. D.B.Avidon) detskoy bol'nitsy
imeni K.A.Raukhfusa (glavnnyy vrach V.A.Vinogradova) na baze kafedry
khirurgii detskogo vozrasta (zav. kafedroy - prof. A.V.Shatskiy)
Leningradskogo pediatricheskogo meditsinskogo instituta.

(PURPURA, NONTHROMBOOPENIC, in infant and child,
with intussusception (Rus))

(INTESSUSCEPTION, in infant and child,
in non-thrombopenic purpura (Rus))

SVERZHINSKAYA, V. A.

PA-2T72

USSR/Minerals - Chemical Analysis Mar 1946
Monazite

"Chemical Composition of the Monazite from Pegmatites
at the Station Alakurti (Karelo-Finnish SSR," E A
Sverzhinskaya, 2 pp

"Zap Mineral Obshch USSR" Vol 65, No 3

In percent: SiO_2 -1.32, TiO_2 - traces, Al_2O_3 -0.83
 FeO_3 -0.28, CaO -0.42, MgO -0.38, P_2O_5 -28.55, TaO_5 -
0.15, ZrO_2 -61.77, H_2O etc.

2T72

AID P - 5123

Subject: USSR/Aeronautics/bombing
APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/31/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001654120004-8"

Card 1/1 Pub. 135 - 8/26

Author : Sverzhinskiy, R. M., Eng.-Maj.

Title : Elimination of range errors with the aid of radar bomb-sight during bombing.

Periodical : Vest. vozd. flota, 10⁵ 43-48, 0 1956

Abstract : Analysis of bombing errors in range when the synchronized radar bombsight PSBN-m is used. Four diagrams, 2 graphs, 1 table. The article merits attention.

Institution : None

Submitted : No date

NEVZOROV, L.A., inzh.; SVESHCHINSKIY, I.B., inzh.

Ways to improve the assembly qualities of tower cranes with a
hoisting boom. Stroi. i dor. mash. 7 no.9:8-10 S '62.

(MIRA 15:10)

(Cranes, derricks, etc.)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/31/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001654120004-8

SVESHINRY W. S.

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CIA-RDP86-00513R001654120004-8"